

## The 5 ISM's

<b><u>Classical Theory of Learning</u></b>		<b><u>Official Theory of Learning</u></b>	
Student-centered Meaning Comprehension-based Portfolio assessment Intrinsic rewards Multiple perspectives		Teacher-centered Memory Skills-based High stakes tests Extrinsic rewards One right answer	
	<b>1. Existentialism</b>		<b>4. Essentialism</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Creative choice</li> <li>✓ Based on student's interests</li> <li>✓ Focuses on connections to the real world</li> <li>✓ Think outside the box</li> <li>✓ Leader: Sartre</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Back to the Basics</li> <li>✓ Extrinsic learning</li> <li>✓ Behaviorism</li> <li>✓ Emphasizes memorization</li> <li>✓ Leader: Bagley</li> </ul>	
	<b>2. Social Reconstructivism</b>		<b>5. Perennialism</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Learn though asking questions, inquiry based</li> <li>✓ Exploring outside of the classroom</li> <li>✓ Intrinsic learning</li> <li>✓ Self and social transformation</li> <li>✓ Leader: George Counts</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Traditional and timeless ideas</li> <li>✓ <i>Great Books</i> program</li> <li>✓ Understanding why</li> <li>✓ Reading, values, and morals control knowledge</li> <li>✓ Leader: Hutchins</li> </ul>	
	<b>3. Progressivism</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Inquiry</li> <li>✓ Hands on and experiential</li> <li>✓ Students generate new knowledge</li> <li>✓ Learning is active and interactive</li> <li>✓ Leader: John Dewey</li> </ul>			

Natalie Den Dulk captured the ideas and graphics originated by credential students 2007.

Joan Wink adapted graphic and language November 30, 2007.